**Design of an Automated and Wirelessly Controlled
Agricultural System for Adverse Environments**

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This paper introduces a scalable and modular autonomous agricultural system for controlled environment agriculture (CEA), focusing on spinach cultivation, particularly in challenging regions like Siberia and the Russian Far East, notably Yakutia. The system integrates a mini-greenhouse with thermal insulation, an Arduino Pro control system, and LoRaWAN for remote monitoring and adjustments [1]. Key components include a Sensor Tower, Wireless Communications System, Control System, Power Management, and Controllable Units. Simulations suggest a power consumption of 25-30W for 15-20 spinach crops, supporting year-round cultivation without natural light. The system addresses pH control, temperature regulation (15-20℃), and lighting requirements (200-400 µmol/m²/s PAR) for optimal spinach growth, utilizing an SHT15 sensor module, LED lighting, and nutrient reservoir with a sensor [2-4]. It underscores the significance of maintaining pH levels, temperature control, sufficient lighting, and effective nutrient management for successful spinach growth in controlled environments, anticipating ongoing research advancements in CEA [5,6].

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